PROTECTIONISTS IN CONTROL OF RECIPROCITY CONVENTION.

Element Which Will Oppose Revision of the Tariff Generally Pre dominates-Manufacturers Benefitting Under Present Tariff Schedule Hastening to Washington to Forestall, If Possible, Action on the Part of the Convention Which May Threaten Their Interests.

MUCH OPPOSITION TO PROPOSED RECIPROCITY LEGISLATION.

"Were you surpirsed at so much high pro-

"To-day was hardly a fair test," he re-

plied. "It so happened that many of the

speeches prepared for this evening were on

that side, but when we get the discussion from the floor I look for other sentiments. One thing toward which the convention

seems to be tending is a decided sentiment in favor of a Department of Commerce."

An Eastern manufacturer, with strong reciprocity, not to say free trade, leanings, expressed disappointment to-night at the turn of events. He admitted frankly that

the high-tariff men had captured the con-

in this Twentieth Century we should find so many men who are opposed to the square

Opposed to Reciprocity Legislation. That there is a strong protection feeling opposed to the proposed reciprocity legisla-

tion was made known this evening, when Mr. Charles Heber Clark, the well-known textile expert and former secretary of the

Manufacturers' Association, received four applause when he voiced the sentiment "Leavs well enough alone."

A. P. Farquhar of York, Pa., who was

expected to enunciate the tariff reformers' idea of reciprocity, urged the general reci-procity idea as a means of expanding Amer-ican trade.

Theodore Search of Philadelphia, president of the Manufacturers' Association, who is the presiding officer of the convention, stated that the aim of the meeting was in reality to forestall tariff agitation. "It has

reality to forestal tariff agitation. "It has been urged," he said, "by those who have looked askence at this movement that wo

should let reciprocity alone. It seems very clear, however, that reciprocity will not let us alone, and the only thing for us to do is to meet it fairly and squarely, dis-cuss it without fear and find out what there

fr'rs, that shall win for him the approval, the good will of all its people."

Broader Coupressional Powers Urged.

Governor Elect A. B. Cummins of Iowa
thus responded to the toast, "Prosperity."

Frosperity, I hold, is a commarative term and
one that does not imply the furious pace of the
hast three years. When I speak of prosperity, I
have in mind a ressonable, moderate but constant advance that will keep us well at the head
of the march, but not completely exhaust our
competitors in their efforts to remain in the procession.

competitors in their energy to reason.

It is easy to see that we are rapidly passing into a new phase of national existence. Some changes which are now constitutionally local most be made constitutionally national. It is futile to inquire what legislation, if any, should

secretaries.

THE TEXT OF BANQUET SPEECHES.

Secretary of State Hay, Governor-Elect Cummins of Iowa and Sena-

tor McLaurin of South Carolina Eulogize President McKinlev and His International Policies Before the New York Chamber of Commerce.

CUMMINS URGES EXTENSION OF FEDERAL POWERS.

and just policy of give and take."

"And I am surprised," said he, "that

tection sentiment?" was asked.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Nov. 19.—According to Gen-eral Hancock the tariff is a local issue. According to the first day's developments of the reciprocity convention now in session here, reciprocity is a personal issue.

Thus the protection element is found to predominate. This has come out both in the first three sessions of the convention itself and in the opinions which a score or more of the leading delegates have given to The Republic, Each delegate seems to be here for the purpose of seeing that his own personal ox is not gored, just as he comes to the Ways and Means Committee where a tariff bill is up.

There is no disguising the fact that the public men now here, many of whom have been in consultation with President Rooseveit, are looking to this gathering of manufacturers with great interest. Should the delegates come to a decision with any degree of unanimity in favor of reciprocity it is altogether probable that the whole question of tariff revision will be reopened, not only in the coming session, but in next fall's congressional elections

Free Traders Show Their Hands. The few free traders have already shown their hand and have avowedly come for the purpose of urging a substantial reduction in tariff. The high protectionists like Platt of Connecticut, Hale of Maine and Daizell of Pennsylvania, are aroused at this turn of events, and have no hesitation in uncing reciprocity in general harsh

The discussion preliminary to the convention, particularly the alarm cry of some of the high-tariff public men, has started by the protected manufacturers and they have come here to forestall any action that the tariff revision men may attempt in the name of reciprocity. And they have come here in such numbers, and especially from New England, that they are likely to domi-

nate the convention.
In fact, one of the leading Massachusetts manufacturers said to-night:

"From all appearances, the convention will fall to pass any reciprocity resolution. I should not be surprised if it expressed itseif emphatically in favor of letting pres-

Says Test Is Yet to Come. Theodore C. Search, chairman of the co

vention, and a manufacturer of decided reciprocity tendency, said to-night:

"I am very much pleased at such a rep-resentative gathering. We hope something will come of it."

New York, Nov. 13 .- The one hundred and .

thirty-third annual banquet of the Cham-ber of Commerce was held at Delmonico's this evening. Covers for 459 were laid in

the main banquet room, which was simply

though effectively decorated, chiefly with

At the table c. honor, presided over by

President Morris K. Jessup, were Ambassa-dor Joseph H. Choate, John Hay, Secretary of State, Senator John L. McLaurin of South Carolina, Whitelaw Reid, Governor-

elect Albert B, Cummins of Iowa, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, the Reverence Local Donald Sage McKay, Andrew Carnesie, Mayor-elect Seth Low, Lleutenant General Mayor-elect Seth Low, Lleutenant Worsen, Wilcey M. Depew, the Reverend Doctor

Nelron A. Miles, J. Pierpont Morgan, Wil-liam E. Dodge, Samuel D. Babcock, Major General John R. Brook, Carl Schurz, Alex-

ander E. Orr. Governor Odell, Rear Ad-

The professional and business circles of the city were well represented in the list

dent Jessup in a very few words. He then sed a toast to the memory of Wil-

liam McKiniey, and this was drunk while

tanding and in silence. President Roose-

velt's health was then toasted, while the orchestra played, and at the next toast, that of "King Edward of England," the

Cheers for McKinley. In introducing Secretary Hay, President Jessup proposed a toast to "Our Diplo-macy." The Secretary was warmly wel-

comed, and his speech at various points net with great enthusiasm, especially when he mentioned the name of President-Mc-Kinley. The applause was deafening when in his peroration he said:

in his percention he said:
"No wantonness of strength will ever induce us to drive a hard bargain with another nation because it is weak, nor will any fear of ignoble criticism tempt us to insult or defy a great Power because it is

ritish national anthem was played.

chmaking was opened by Presi-

American flags.

EXPANSION AND RECIPROCITY

be adopted to prevent or adjust the devastiting controversies between capital and labor, until there is a newer as broad and as comprehending as the problem itself to prescribe a solution. There is no tribunal with power to administer rull and adequate justice, and there can be consumited as to give Congress jurisdiction over this struggie which wages incessantly throughout the whole sovereignty of the Republic.

One of the fundamental conditions of prosterity is work for the people, not part of the people, but all the people, who either want to work or must work. The problem invoived in this subject has totally changed within recent years. Formerly our chief concern was to prevent the producers of other countries from invading and occupying the markets of the United States. It is now to invade and occupy the markets of other nations.

Let us held fast to these fundamental principles: We must not surrender a home market for a foreign market of equal extent, We must not yield a sure market for an uncertain one. The consumers of this country will not tolerate, as a permanent trade policy, the selling of goods abroad at a less price than they are said at home, and if they believe their tarriff duties have any influence upon the neglitenence of such conditions, the man or party that stands for the per-tenuation of such duties is destined for birar disappointment.

Senator John L. McLaurin of South Caro-

disappointment.

Senator John L. McLaurin of South Carolina spoke to the sentiment, "The Monroe Doctrine of the Twentieth Century."

Doctrine of the Twentleth Century."

Now that we have become "the greatest export nation of the world; the mightlets potentiality on earth for progress, dvillianton and human freedom." we can no longer confine our institutions and our destiny to this Continent, but are compelled by uncontrolable events to seek traternity with other nations and to reach out for new channels of trade.

The Spanish War was the occasion, act the cause, of what you call on your programme "the Twentleth Century Monroe Doctrine." but which I call the McKinley doctrine, such as it will be known to future ages. I elucidate the McKinley doctrine to be the expansion of territory, trade and commerce as the only means of securing markets for our surplus products; participation in the affairs of the world and full share of the responsibility; the cuttivation of friendly relations with all nations, and for preparedness to seek and control our share of the responsibilities cast upon us, for the fulldiment of our national destiny.

Reciprocity treaties are a part of this Twentleth Century Monroe Doctrine, and their printers can be a control our share of the responsibilities cast upon us, for the fulldiment of our national destiny.

responsibilities cast upon us, for the fulfilment of our national destiny.

Reciprocity treaties are a part of this Twentieth Century Monroe Doctrine, and their principle is that goods are not to be taken from a foreign country free of duty or at a low rate unless that country takes something from us free of duty or at a low rate.

Governor Odell spoke to the toast "The State of New York" and Mayor Elect Low replied to the toast "The City of New York" Joseph H. Choate, Ambassador to the court of St. James, spoke with his usual coupence, dwelling mostly on the recent visit of the delegates of the New York Chamber of Commerce to London. He enlarged on the sympathy that had been shown by the British people at the time of the death of President McKinley, and sald that not only had the sympathy been manifested almost every hour for days after the event by royalty, but that all classes were quite as sorrowful.

SALE OF FANCY HEREFORD CATTLE.

One Hundred and Nineteen Animals to Be Disposed Of at Stock Yards. .

cues it without fear and find out what there is in it."

The following vice presidents were elected: General W. F. Draper, Massachusetts;

T. L. Hickman, Georgia; Charles H. Harding, Pennsylvania; James Deering, Illinois;

Titus S. Heard, New York, and Robert J. Morgan, Chio. E. H. Sanborn, Philadelphia, and E. P. Wilson of Cincinnati were chosen secretaries. At 1 o'clock this afternoon the first public sale of fancy-bred registered cattle ever held at the St. Louis National Stock Yards will open, with \$39,000 to \$39,000 worth of stock to dispose of. Indications point to a Early in the convention resolutions of greeting were sent to President Roosevelt,

T. F. B. Sotham of Chillicothe, Mo., will manage the sale, which will take place in the steam-heated pavilion at the stock which said:
"We extend to him our fullest and inquestioned confidence in his patriotism and
his true devotion to the very best interests
of his country, and that we bid him godspeed in his lofty purposes of giving his
country on administration of its national affe'rs, that shall win for him the second. yards. The lovers of all cattle, and of Herefords in particular, will be in attendance in big numbers. Many have been

Only a few of the offerings are the least thin, the whole lot being in first-class con-dition and of the kind that raise highly dition and of the kind that raise highly valued calves. Of the 119 head catalogued many are good bulls of the best breeding.

These cattle raisers have contributed assignments for the sale: H. D. Smith of Compton, Quebec, seven cows and three bulls; J. A. Stewart of Columbia, Mo., five cows and one bull; Dette Bros., Vieseman, Mo., one buil; G. W. Hussey, Glasco, Kas., fourteen cows and six bulls; A. B. Bruer & Son, Pontiase, Ill., four buils; George H. Adams, Linwood, Kas., ten bulls and six cows; T. H. Pugb, Carthage, Mo., one buil and three cows; T. F. B. Sotham, Chillicothe, Mo., twenty-nine cows and eighteen bulls; Colonel G. E. Alt, Sharpsboro, Mo., two bulls; William Benner, Oak Hill, Mo., one buil; Henry Ley Clay City, Ind., four bulls; Martin Liebig, Forrest, Ill., two bulls; George Ess, Clark, Mo., two bulls;

ILLINOIS ODD FELLOWS.

Grand Lodge Convention at Springfield Largely Attended.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 19.-Fifteen hundred Odd Fellows of Illinois and members of their auxiliary organization, the Rebekah Assembly, are in Springfield to-day to at-

Assembly, are in Springfield to-day to attend the annual sessions of the grand lodges of the orders. The Grand Lodge was convened at 5 o'clock this evening. After the reports of officers had been received and a committee named on analysis and distribution, an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning, when the real work of the convention will begin.

The grand encampment, with 210 delegates present, met this morning. The report of the grand scribs. Henry Feitman, showed the total membership at the end of the last iscal year to be 6,025, an increase of 25 over that of a year before. Six new encampments have been formed in the State. The grand treasurer reported a balance of 1,829.5 cash on hand.

The encampment's election of officers resulted as follows: Grand patriarch, H. W. Pemberton, Galatia; grand high priest, Thomas Wood, Princeton; grand senior warden, Criss C. Cross, Tuscoia; grand junior warden, E. H. Kinney, Table Grove, Grand Scribe Feitman of Salem and Grand Treasurer William Schuchert of Chester were re-elected.

The Rebekahs held a school of instruction halo of immortality. Who could worthily come into your presence as the shadow of that filmstrious shade?

"American Diplomacy."

I am asked to say something about our diplomacy. The briefest expression of our rule of conduct is, perhaps, the Monroe Dectrine and the golden rule. With this simple chart, we can hardly go far wrong. I think I may say that our sister Republics to the south of us are perfectly convinced of the sincerity of our attitude. We no more want their territory than we cover the mountains of the moon. We are grieved and distressed when there are differences among them, but even then we should never think of trying to compose any of those differences unless by the request of both parties to it.

We consider our interests in the Pacific Ocean as great now as those of any other Power, and destined to indefinite development. We have accepted the responsibility of the Pritippines, which Providence imposed upon us; we have accepted the responsibility of the Pritipines, which Providence imposed upon us; we have just an end to the embarrasament in which we were involved in Samoa, and while abandoning none of our commercial rights in the entire group, we have established our flag and our authority in Tutulia, which gives us the finest harbor in the South Seas. Next in order will come a Pacific cable, and an lathman canal for the use of all well-disposed people, but under exclusive American consetent champions.

The attitude of our diplomats—tells us passed through his mind when he was presented at the court of Versailles: "Seet thou a man diligent in his business; he shall stand before kings." Let us be diligent in our business and we shall stand—stand, you see not crawl or ewagere—stand as a friend and equal, asking mothing, putting up with nothing but what is right and flux among our peers, in the wreat democracy of nations.

Broader Congressional Powers Urged.

Treasurer William Schuchert of Chester were re-elected.

The Rebekahs held a school of instruction this morning. In the afternoon the Executive Committee gave a reception, for the purpose of conferring the Assembly degree upon the delegates. A social session was held to-night in the senate chamber. The Grand Loige held a special session this afternoon to confer the Grand Lodge degree upon new representatives and upon past grands.

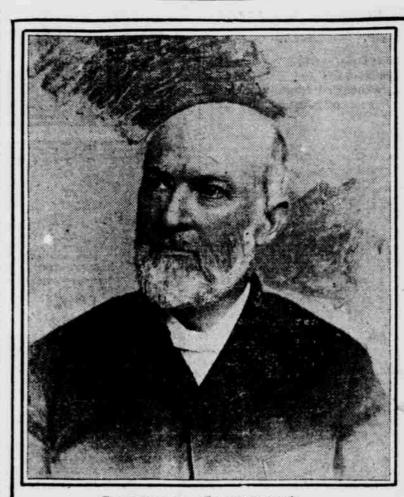
HEIR TO "M'CLINTOCK ESTATE."

McKeesport Citizen Claims Share of Property in East St. Louis.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Clintook of this city is one of the thirteen heirs to the so-called James McClintook estate in East St. Louis, valued at \$13,500,000. estate in East St. Louis, valued at \$13,500,000. He claims that all the heirs have to do is to produce the papers they have in court to have the estate divided, which is now in the hands of false claimants. Mr. McClintock is past 69 years, very poor and is a highly respected citizen. For the last eight years he has worked in the city Street Department here. He will accompany his sister, Mrs. George Floyd of Pittsburg, and their attorney to St. Louis this week.

SAMUEL CUPPLES HONORED BY BUSINESS ASSOCIATES.

Memorial Volume Commemorating Fiftieth Anniversary of Establish ment of His Concern Presented to Him-History of a Great Business-Development of the Enterprises.



SAMUEL CUPPLES.

To whom a testimonial was presented by business associates.

The associates of Samuel Cupples, presi- small facilities, Mr. Cupples pushed reso dent of the Samuel Cupples Woodenware lutely and vigorously on, seconded by Mr. Company, last night at his residence, No. Wallace, They were both masters and men, 3673 West Pine boulevard, presented to him buying, seiling, shipping, bookkeeping and a memorial volume commemorating the portering, until the venture began to show liftleth anniversary of the establishment of signs of success. the present business house by him. The various quarters occupied by the business during this half century, together with appropriate sentiments in illuminated text, and photographs of those interested with ters for seven years. him in business during that period. Some In 1867 the firm me of these photographs are in pairs, representing the subjects as they were fifty, forty or thirty years ago in contrast to the

Mr. Cupples was taken entirely by sur-prise, having no intimation of the affair. The presentation was made by Robert S. Brookings, for more than thirty-four years associated with him, who traced briefly the development of the business. He paid a fitting tribute to the foresight, courage, energy and capability of the founder, as well as to those personal qualities of mind and heart which have endeared him to all those associated with him, expressing the hope that he might yet be spared many years of life.

success has been achieved by the house of which he is the founder, he said, is due, not to himself, but to the esprit du corps which prevails among his associates and with which each individual is thoroughly with which each individual is thoroughly imbued. Were it not for the fraternal spirit which prevails among them and which pervades every department under their supervision and every employe therein, he said, the results thus far attained would have been impossible. To the activity, untiring energy and indomitable will of those associated with him, self-helpful, self-reliant, independent of, yet interdependent upon, each other, he ascribed the reputation which the house held among the commercial institutions of the city, and in which he was proud to be a sharer, however modest his share in the achievement. ever modest his share in the achievement.

The gentlemen present, besides Mr. Cupples and the members of his family, were R. S. Brockings, A. A. Wallace, A. W. Benedict, F. E. Alexander, E. S. Pierce, T. S. Maxweil, F. M. Wright, J. M. Shelton, Harold Maxwell, D. G. Wright and F. W. Jones.

In 1851 Samuel Cupples, then an employe of a Cincinnati woodenware house, at 20 years of age, was sent to St. Louis with a small stock of woodenware to open a branch house here. He rented a loft at No. Locust street, in which to store his wares, and opened up for business, associating with himself A. A. Wallace, a boy of about his own age, under the style of Samuel Cup-

A year later he moved to the Levee, remaining there one year, and then removing to the corner of Second and Vine streets, where they remained until 1859. In '56 Mr. Cupples bought out his Cincinnati associ-

In 1858 a partnership was formed between volume is 12x15 inches, beautifully bound in Coze calf and silk, with Oxford edges. der the style of Cupples & Marston; and illustrated with original drawings of the in 1860 Charles P. Thompson, an employe of the firm, was admitted to an interest. In 1859 they removed to Nos. 55 and 57 North Second street, occupying those quar-

In 1867 the firm moved to No. 116 North Second atrect, beginning a new epoch in its husiness life so seriously interrupted and crippied by the Civil War. Pushing into the South with the return of peace, it rapidly established a large and reliables con-situency throughout the entire Southern country, while at the same time it was can-vassing the trade North and West until in

years of life.

Although Mr. Cupples was taken entirely unawares by his associates, in accepting the gift he responded in a manner which assured the givers that he thoroughly appreciated the spirit which prompted it.

After thanking the donors for their

After thanking the donors for their thoughtful kindness in remembering him upon such an auspicious occasion with such an appropriate souvenir, which, he said, he appreciated no less than the gift itself, Mr. Cupples induiged in a few retrospective observations upon the business to the upbuilding of which he and his associates have devoted the best years and the best energies of their lives. What measure of success has been achieved by the house of which he is the founder he waid is due.

mixed the country over as by far the leading establishment of its kind in the world.

In 1882 the business was incorporated with a capital of \$1,00,000 H. G. Brookings retiring and N. G. Pierce, E. S. Pierce, A. W. Benedket, F. E. Alexander and W. D. Bangs, employes of the firm, being admitted to an interest.

In 1885 the company bought out the business of Udeil. Schmoeding & Co. and removed 5 the commodious building at Second and Olive streets, known as the Eads building. About this time the company bought the old Market property, at Seventh and Spruce streets at public auction from the city, making railroad connections therewith and establishing partial warehouse facilities at that point, thus saving the haul of large quantiles of goods from station to store and back. Out of this germ grew the Cupples Station idea, admitted to be the most practical illustration of economical handling of large blocks of merchandise extant.

Cupples Station Opened. Cupples Station Opened.

In 1890 the St. Louis Terminal Cupples Station and Property Company warehouses were opened. Other buildings have been added to the system until now there are connected with it no fewer than twenty-five warehouses, occupied by thirty-eight tenants, with an average shipping movement of a thousand tons a day.

In 1831 W. D. Bangs died and Mr. A. M. Perrin succeeded to his interest.

In 1839 the capital of the company was increased to \$2.00.000, Mr. N. G. Pierce withdrawing, and M. B. Wallace being admitted to an interest; and in 1900 Thomas Maxwell, Harold Maxwell, J. W. Sheldon, D. G. Wright, F. W. Jones and F. M. Wright, all employes, were admitted to interest.

The officers of the connany are: Samuel Cupples, president; R. S. Brookings, first vice president; A. W. Benedict, second vice president; E. S. Pierce, treasurer; M. B. Wallace, secretary: Harold Maxwell, assistant reasurer, and F. E. Alexander, sales department chief.

Of all the men associated with Mr. Cup added to the system until now there are

ples during these fifty years, but one insided, Mr. Bangs, and he was one of the younger men. Of those living, all except four are still connected with the business. Mr. Cuppies, though suffering from the health for a number of years, is still a comparatively young man, and is actively interested in all that pertains to the welfare of the city. He has from time to time rendered efficient service to the public in cityle affairs, in offices of responsibility and trist, and has always been a leader in religious, philanthropic and educational movements. He believes in the church and school as most powerful factors in determining the character of the state. He also believes in the responsibility of men of wealth toward the state and in the distribution of wealth during lifetime, as evinced most strikingly by h s recent magnificent gifts to Washington University, gifts which, matched by equal amounts by his associate, Robert S. Brookings, have marked an epoch in the life of that institution.

ACCIDENATE ON TROUBLE AND TROUBLE AND TROUBLE MEN CONDUIT BILL READ READ REFORE BOA

READ BEFORE BOA

Provisions Provide for the Bur of Wires and Regulate Excavations.

The draft of an ordinance to contain the underground district wing in one year was read at a meeting of Board of Public Improvements yester morning and referred to the special Comittee on Lighting.

ACCIDENTS ON TROLLEY LINES.

Collisions Between Cars and Ve hicles Injure Several Persons.

A Market street car in charge of Motorman W. L. Wright collided with Suburban car No. 181 at Sixth and Market streets yesterday morning. Wright was slightly

yesterday morning. Wright was slightly brutsed about the right side.

Jeannette Baker, 19 years old, of No. 3733 Pine street, was knocked down by a west-bound Olive street car at the intersection of Spring avenue yesterday morning. Her right arm was broken in two places.

Southbound car No. 32 of the Broadway line struck a butcher's wagon, driven by Charles Keppler of No. 733 South Broadway, at the intersection of Barton street yesterday morning. Keppler was thrown into the street and slightly bruised about the left shoulder.

shoulder.
At Tenth and Papin streets a Walnwright Brewery wagon, driven by Charles Manshardt of No. 2015 Menard street, was struck by a northbound Case avenue car. The wagon was upset and Manshardt was thrown underneath. He was severely cut and bruised about the body and head. He was taken to his home in an ambulance.

DIES ON THE ROSTRUM.

Wisconsin Physician Falls Dead as He Delivers an Address.

Eau Claire, Wis., Nov. 19.-Doctor Dwight Washington Day, one of the leading physiclans of this section of the State, dropped dead this afternoon while reading a paper dend this afternoon while reading a paper before the interstate Medical Society.

Doctor Day was standing on the rostrum and had been reading his paper for about five minutes. Suddenly he looked up from his manuscript, gave a short gasp and dropped to his knees. One of the doctors present caught the speaker as he fell, and everything that could be done was done for his relief. He never regained consciousness, however, and died within a short time. Apoplexy is given as the cause of his death.

COURT OF APPEALS TO DECIDE. Question of Change of Venue Be tween Police Courts.

The question of the right to take change of venue from one police court to snother, which was raised in the case of Ada Jones, who was fined 2000 in the South

Ada Jones, who was fined 500 in the South St. Louis Police Court, was taken to the Court of Appeals yesterday on an application for a writ of habeas corpus for her release from the Workhouse.

The case reached the South St. Louis Police Court on a change of venue, and it is contended the fine is void because there is no provision in the city ordinances for changes of venue from one police court to another. An order was made on Conrad Kempp, Superintendent of the Workhouse, to show cause to-morrow why the writ should not be issued.

FINED FOR ABUSE TO MOTHER. Police Judge Imposed Heavy Penalty on Frederick Mueller.

Frederick Muclier, 19 years old, of No. 2419 Illinois avenue, was fined \$50 in the South St. Louis Police Court yesterday on a charge of ill-treating his mother, Theika

charge of in-treating his house, Mueller.

She stated that last Monday evening he returned home under the inducace of liquor and demanded something to eat. She told him, she said, that he had spent his earnings for drink and did not contribute to the support of the family, and did not deserve any supper, whereupon he picked up a butcher knife and threw it at her. She called a police officer, who arrested him.

LEE MERIWETHER DENOUNCED. Resolutions Passed by Public Own-

ership Faction in Committee. Resolutions were passed by the Anti-Meriwether faction of the City Central

Committee of the Public Ownership party at its meeting at No. 604 Market street last night denouncing Lee Meriwether, its formight denouncing Lee Meriwether, its for-mer candidate for Mayor, and accusing him of bolting the party.

The paper was presented by Charles Leonard, committeeman from the Twenty-first Ward, and was indorsed in numerous speeches by others. It is charged that the former leader is attempting to organize a new party. A copy of the resolutions, signed by Chairman C. H. Osterwisch and Secretary George W. Tuiler, was furnished the press.

MOULAN-BERRI WEDDING.

Couple's Friends Uninformed as to Date-License Changed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chleago, Ill., Nov. 19 .- Friends of Maud Lillian Berri and Frank Moulan are won-dering when the marriage ceremony for which a license was issued yesterday will be performed.

Moulan to-day had the affidavits changed from Maud Lillian Berri to Mrs. Maud Lillian Berri Fisher, explaining that Miss Berri had been married before and that her legal name is Fisher.

CATTLE TRAIN WRECKED.

One Man and Two Hundred Animala Killed.

train of cattle was wrecked seven miles east of here on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad to-day, killing an un-known man and about 200 head of cattle. Some of the trainmen were injured, but none seriously.

The front engine was derailed while go-ing at a high rate of speed and ten cars were shoved up in a pile and demolished. Neither engine was badly demaged.

READ BEFORE BOARD.

Provisions Provide for the Burying

The draft of an ordinance to compel ourial of all telegraph and telephone wires and cables in the underground district with-in one year was read at a meeting of the Board of Public Improvements yesterday morning and referred to the special Com-mittee on Lighting.

Following the terms of the new bill, relating to territory outside of the sub-way district, this bill would authorize the board to hold a public hearing, either on its own motion or at the request of a pe-

its own motion or at the request of a petitioner, at any time in regard to placing wires underground on any street or streets in the present district.

Poles, wires and cables left overhead one year after the approval of the ore-dinance would be classified as a misdemeanor, subject to a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$500 for each day for each offense. The city could purchase the conduit in fifteen years, the price to be determined by three arbitrators.

in fifteen years, the process of the for the cost of removing any debris that might be left on sidewalks or streets by the

BECAUSE HE HAD BEEN ROBBED. William Bohlin Attempted Suicide in Tower Grove Park.

William Bohlin, a shoe-laster, 22 years ld, living with his parents at No. 279 Chippewa street, attempted suicide at Tower Grove Park yesterday afternoon by shooting himself in the left breast. He was taken to the City Hospital, where his condition was pronounced not dangerous.

Bohlin said that he had been drinking and that he had been robbed of \$15. It was in brooding over his loss, he said, that he decided to end his life. He had started for the Four Courts to report the alleged robbery, when he changed his mind and went to the east end of Tower Grove Park, where he shot himself.

Florence Eastwood, Georgie Forrest and Annie Williams, all of No. 208 Chestnut street, were arrested yesterday eventng, charged with complicity in the supposed robber. Chippewa street, attempted suicide at Tow-

TO VISIT KANSAS CITY.

Mayor and Other City Officials Depart To-Morrow. Mayor Wells and the Board of Public Im-

provements will depart to-morrow evening for Kansas City, where they will inspect econstructed streets Friday. They will return Saturday morning. Mem-bers of the board visited Chicago and Indi-anapolis last week.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Stomach Trouble and Indigestion a Barbarous and Uneless One.

We say the old way, but really it is the common and usual one at the present time and many dyspeptics, and physicians as well, consider the first step in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain food and rejecting others or to greatly diminish the quantity of food usually taken.

ing certain food and rejecting others or to greatly diminish the quantity of food usually taken.

In other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first ersential in the cure of weak digestion.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for stomach trouble has been proven time and again, but still the usual advice, when dyspepsia makes its appearance, is a course of dieting.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a person suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and fiber in the body.

What is needed is abundant nutrition, not less, and this means pienty of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and some natural digestive to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stu-

ural digestive to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and this is the way they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

The patient eats pienty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digests it for him.

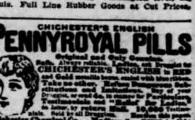
And this is in accordance with nature and common sense, because in this way the whole system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food, whether the stomach works or not. One of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 1800 grains of meas, eggs and similar food.

Any druggiest will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is a remedy of extraordinary value and probably is the puress and safest remedy for stomach troubles.

No person suffering from poor digestion and lack of appetite can fail to be immediately and permanently benefited if they would make it a practice to take one of two of Stuart's Dyspesia Tablets after each meal.



S. E. Cor. Sixth St. and Wasi Louis. Pull Line Rubber Good



Here is a question that is always interesting to womankind.

In The Republic of next Sunday there is to appear one of a series of articles on the question

How Women Who Are Pretty May Become Prettier, How Women Who Are Not Pretty May Become Pretty

How Women Who Are Merely Pretty May Remain So Through the Passing Years.

This series of articles will continue for a number of Sundays.

It is charmingly illustrated by a number of excellent photographs and will undoubtedly attract the attention that the importance and the interest of the subject command.